

## Appendix B

### Results of initial Public survey

From the analysis over 94% responded as individuals of which 76% had not been affected by flooding. Of those who experienced flooding 77% indicated that the road had flooded 47% gardens and/or fields, 17% out buildings but only 17% stated that their houses had flooded internally.

**This question has enabled CCBC to obtain the views of the public in relation to detailed objectives 1, 2, 3, 4 and 18 of the LFRMS.**

A total of 48% of the respondents had become more involved by obtaining more information about flood risk, preparation of flood plans, attended local action groups and signing up for flood warnings but 17% have done nothing as they see the responsibility with other agencies.

**This question has enabled CCBC to obtain the views of the public in relation to detailed objectives 1, 2, 3, 4 and 10 of the LFRMS.**

Analysis of what respondents indicated as being the most important sources of flooding show that 34% identified surface water, 20% rivers, 16% watercourses, 15% ground water and 15% sewers.

**This question has enabled CCBC to obtain the views of the public in relation to detailed objectives 11, 12, 13, 14 and 16 of the LFRMS.**

When asked about flood risk approximately 46% did not consider themselves at risk, 29% stated that their local area had been subject to flooding, 14% had been affected by flooding in the past and 11% are aware of their risk but have not been affected previously.

**This question has enabled CCBC to obtain the views of the public in relation to detailed objectives 1, 2, 3, 4, 10, 11, 12, 14 and 16 of the LFRMS.**

The survey showed that 67% want the flood risk to be reduced wherever possible, 28% think the risk should be reduced where flooding has previously occurred and the remaining 5% indicated that the flood risk level should be maintained at its current level.

**This question has enabled CCBC to obtain the views of the public in relation to detailed objectives 10, 11, 12, 14 and 16 of the LFRMS.**

In response to the question regarding the priorities for management after protecting life and keeping people safe 37% gave homes as top priority followed by 27% for local amenities, then 17% businesses and 13% roads. Only 3% gave protection of the environment as their highest priority.

**This question has enabled CCBC to obtain the views of the public in relation to detailed objectives 1, 2, 3, 4, 10, 12, 14, and 16 of the LFRMS.**

The questionnaire showed concerns about flood risk management to be highest with regard to emergency planning at 20%, maintenance of watercourses at 17%, followed by 15% availability of insurance, 13% new developments, 13% availability of funding, 10% climate change, 10% property values and 2%, rural land management.

**This question has enabled CCBC to obtain the views of the public in relation to detailed objectives 11, 12, 14 and 16 of the LFRMS.**

When asked about what CCBC and its partners should do to manage flood risk 21% considered cleaning road gullies and watercourses to be the highest priority, 20% considered managing assets such as culverts, 19% working with planners on new developments, 16% constructing flood defence schemes in areas at highest risk, 13% working with local communities to help prepare them for flood risk and 11% construct flood defences wherever possible.

**This question has enabled CCBC to obtain the views of the public in relation to detailed objectives 10, 11, 12, 14, 16 and 18 of the LFRMS.**

When asked about funding for flood alleviation schemes 44% consider that CCBC should be working with organisations with drainage responsibilities, 33% consider that as many organisations as possibly should be involved with funding and only 23% believe local residents and businesses should also be involved with funding

**This question has enabled CCBC to obtain the views of the public in relation to detailed objectives 16, 18 and 19 of the LFRMS.**

The questionnaire gave a list of possible funding sources and from this list 20% identified developers, 19% international funding, 19% Local Authorities, 17% environmental initiatives, 9% Businesses, 8% Landlords and Housing Associations, only 4% community groups and 3% residents

**This question has enabled CCBC to obtain the views of the public in relation to detailed objectives 16, 18 and 19 of the LFRMS.**

Only 33% of the respondents indicated that they were aware of the role of CCBC as a Lead Local Flood Authority.

**This question has enabled CCBC to obtain the views of the public in relation to detailed objective 18 of the LFRMS.**

**As far as is practicable the views of the public have been taken into account in the preparation of the LFRMS.**